



NDOLA TRUST SCHOOL
(Ndola Trust School Limited)
“Success through Hard Work”
www.ndolatrust.edu.zm



COMPREHENSION

Mbiza at the museum

At last we are at the National Museum! Mbiza shouted as the driver struggled to park in the best place outside the museum.

The group quickly left the bus, bought tickets and went inside the museum. A museum guide explained what they would see. Mbiza and his classmate held notebooks and pens in their hands, ready to write down all the interesting things.

Mbiza and his friends did not know there was so much to see at the museum. There were animals of all kinds.

Although the animals were dead, they looked like they could start walking and running at any time. They saw very huge elephant. They were told that elephant was called Jumbo. They also saw leopards, monkeys and many other animals.

In another section, Mbiza saw an exhibition of cooking utensils that were used in the distant past. Also, there were different types of clothes that were worn a long time ago.

There were hundreds of birds in the museum. Mbiza had never imagined there could be so many types of birds. The fish too were amazing. There were fish of every colour. There were black, red, brown, green and orange fish.

The next place to visit was the snake park. The snakes were alive. Some snakes were moving slowly. Some were coiled up and looked either very lazy, dead or deep asleep. Mbiza saw a python, a cobra and a black mamba. In another place, Mbiza saw many tortoise. There was another animal that looked almost the same as a tortoise. The guide said it was a turtle.

Then Mziba turned to another side where there was a fenced area. He saw a huge crocodile. The crocodile moved its head and swung its tail. The mouth looked wide and frightening.

‘Oh, that’s a huge crocodile! Don’t push! I don’t want to get closer.’

‘If you do so, Mbiza, the crocodile will tear you into pieces,’ a friend said.

QUESTIONS

1. What did Mziba and the group do before they entered the museum?
2. Mziba thought that the animal could start _____ and _____ at any time.
3. ‘Cooking utensils that were used in the distant past.’ This means that the utensils were used _____
 - A. A long time ago.
 - B. Far away.
 - C. A few years ago
4. Write down two types of snakes that Mziba saw.
5. Which animals looked almost like a tortoise?
6. Would you like to go near a crocodile? Why?

SOCIAL STUDIES

GOVERNANCE

The Zambian Coat of Arms

- A **symbol** is a picture that is used instead of words. The Zambian Coat of Arms has many symbols that shows different parts of life in Zambia.
- The writing on a Coat of Arms is called a **motto**. The motto on the Zambian Coat of Arms is “ **One Zambia One Nation**”
- There are more than 70 different tribes or groups of people in Zambia. The motto tells all Zambians to be united as one people.



The symbols on the Zambian Coat of Arms.

- **Man and woman symbol**
 - The man and woman holding the shield represents the Zambian family. They represent **all the people of Zambia**.
 - The man is wearing a bush shirt and shorts. This shows the uniform of a worker.
 - The woman is wearing a traditional Zambian dress.
- **The Zebra**
 - The Zebra symbol represents Zambia's wildlife. The wildlife includes all the plants and animals.
- **The eagle symbol**
 - The eagle on the Zambian coat of arms is the **African Fish Eagle**. It is the national bird of Zambia.

- The eagle symbol shows the freedom of Zambia and their hope for the future.
- It is also called the **eagle of liberty**
- **The mining shaft symbol**
 - The mining shaft symbol shows how mining is important in Zambia.
 - Zambia has many minerals resources like;
 - Copper
 - Cobalt
 - Coal
 - Precious stones such as gold, silver and gemstones(emeralds and amethysts)
- **The pick and hoe symbols**
 - The pick and hoe symbols on the Zambian Coat of Arms show the work that the people of Zambia do in farming (agriculture) and mining.
 - The pick and hoe also show how happy the Zambian people are to have so many natural resources.
- **The maize cob symbol**
 - The maize cob symbol shows the staple diet of the Zambian people. A staple diet is the main food people eat.
- **The shield symbol**
 - The shield on the Zambia coat of Arms has wavy black and white lines to show white water falling on the black rocks.
 - These wavy lines represent Victoria Falls and the Zambezi River.
 - Zambia got its name from the Zambezi River.
 - The Victoria Falls is the largest water falls in the world. The traditional name for the falls is **Mosi-oa-tunya** which means the smoke that thunders.

